Q.P. Code: 18HS0830 Reg. No: SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS) B.Tech I Year I Semester Supplementary Examinations November-2020 **MATHEMATICS-I** (Common to All) Max. Marks: 60 Time: 3 hours PART-A (Answer all the Questions  $5 \times 2 = 10$  Marks) **a** Find the Rank of A =  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ 2M1 **b** State Lagrange's Mean Value theorem. 2Mc Define Curl of a vector. 2M **d** Define Convergence and Divergence of a Sequence. 2M e Find the Fourier constant  $a_0$  for  $f(x) = 1 - x^2$  in [-1,1]. 2M**PART-B** (Answer all Five Units 5 x 10 = 50 Marks) UNIT-I a Express the Matrix as a sum of Symmetric and Skew-Symmetric matrix, 2 **5M**  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & -6 \\ 2 & 7 & -1 \\ 5 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ **b** Determine the Eigen Values of  $A^{-1}$  where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ **5**M Verify Cayley – Hamilton theorem  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 & 2 \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \\ 3 & -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 10M 3 **UNIT-II** a Find the volume of the reel-shaped solid formed by the revolution about the y- axis, 4 **5**M of the part of the parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$  cut off by the latus- rectum. b verify Cauchy's mean value theorem for the function  $\sin x$  and  $\cos x$  in the interval **5**M  $[0, \pi/2]$ OR **a** Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{1} x^{2} \left( \log \frac{1}{x} \right)^{3} dx$ 5 **5**M **b** Express the polynomial  $2x^3 + 7x^2 + x$  -6 in powers of (x-2) by Taylor's Series **UNIT-III a** If  $z = xy^2 + x^2y$  where  $x = at^2$ , y = 2at, find  $\frac{dz}{dt}$ **5**M 6 **5**M **b** Find the minimum value of  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ , given that x + y + z = 3a**5**M Find the angle between the surfaces  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$  and  $z = x^2 + y^2 - 3$  at the point 7 10M

**R18** 

5M

5M

10M

10M

5M

5M

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10 Expand the function  $f(x) = x^2$  as a Fourier series in  $[-\pi, \pi]$  and hence deduce that

(i) 
$$\frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{12}$$
  
(ii)  $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$ 

OR

**a** Find half range Sine Series of  $f(x) = x^2$  on 0 < x < 411 **b** Find half range Cosine series of f(x) = x(2-x) in  $0 \le x \le 2$ 

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